Epitaxial Growth of InGaN Nanowire Arrays for Light Emitting Diodes

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**Figure S1.** Schematic of the three-zone HCVD system. This system has three 1/4-inch quartz tubes housed in a 1-inch quartz tube situated within two furnaces equipped with three independently controlled thermocouples (zones 1-3). The system supplies GaCl₃ (N₂ carrier), InCl₃ (N₂ carrier), and
NH₃ precursors through two inner tubes (blue, yellow). GaCl₃ and InCl₃ were placed in the same inner tube and spaced apart such that the vapor pressures of each precursor could be independently controlled in zone 1 (GaCl₃) and zone 2 (InCl₃). N₂ gas also flows through the outer tube during the reaction. The photograph in the inset shows four homogeneous samples of different indium compositions. Scale bar = 6 mm.

**Figure S2.** Vegard’s law and energy correlations for InₓGa₁₋ₓN nanowire arrays. (a) The (002) wurtzite peak of the XRD patterns was analyzed to obtain the lattice constant c and was correlated to its EDS composition. The straight line represents the Vegard’s law correlation between GaN (c = 5.188 Å) and InN (c = 5.709 Å). (b) The square of absorption plots was linearly extrapolated to determine the bandgap energy of different compositions. The black bowing line represents the fitting equation used by Kuykendall *et al.* Corresponding PL peak energies show a slight Stokes shift in emission from the band gap.
Figure S3. Overlaid I-V curves for $x = 0.06$, $x = 0.28$, and $x = 0.43$ showing rectification.

Figure S4. The emission’s dependence on current for the (a) $x = 0.06$ and (b) $x = 0.43$ LED devices. (a) The spectra for the $x = 0.06$ device show an 8 nm blue shift with increasing injection current. (b) The spectra for the $x = 0.43$ device show no noticeable blue shift with increasing injection current.
Figure S5. Control device showing no emission from the substrate. Ni/Au (20 nm / 20 nm) contacts were deposited on the p-GaN substrate in a geometry that mimicked the current injection geometry used in the LED devices. (a) I-V curve of the control device. Inset: Photograph of the measured device. Scale bar = 250 µm. (b) Corresponding spectrum (green) of the device sourced with 30 mA of injection current showing no emission from the p-GaN/undoped-GaN junction. For comparison, the EL spectrum (blue) from the forward-biased x = 0.06 LED device is shown with the control device’s spectrum. Inset is a close-up view of the control device’s spectrum showing only background noise.